

Czech-Polish-Slovak Match

IST Austria, 23 – 26 June 2019

(First day – 24 June 2019)

1. Let ω be a circle. Points A, B, C, X, D, Y lie on ω in this order such that BD is its diameter and $DX = DY = DP$, where P is the intersection of AC and BD . Denote by E, F the intersections of line XP with lines AB, BC , respectively. Prove that points B, E, F, Y lie on a single circle.

2. We consider positive integers n having at least six positive divisors. Let the positive divisors of n be arranged in a sequence $(d_i)_{1 \leq i \leq k}$ with

$$1 = d_1 < d_2 < \cdots < d_k = n \quad (k \geq 6).$$

Find all positive integers n such that

$$n = d_5^2 + d_6^2.$$

3. A dissection of a convex polygon into finitely many triangles by segments is called a *trilateration* if no three vertices of the created triangles lie on a single line (vertices of some triangles might lie inside the polygon). We say that a trilateration is *good* if its segments can be replaced with one-way arrows in such a way that the arrows along every triangle of the trilateration form a cycle and the arrows along the whole convex polygon also form a cycle. Find all $n \geq 3$ such that the regular n -gon has a good trilateration.

Time: 4 hours and 30 minutes.

Each problem is worth 7 points.

Language: English

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(Second day – 25 June 2019)

4. Let α be a given real number. Determine all pairs (f, g) of functions $f, g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ satisfying

$$xf(x + y) + \alpha \cdot yf(x - y) = g(x) + g(y)$$

for all $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$.

5. Determine whether there exist 100 disks D_2, D_3, \dots, D_{101} in the plane such that the following conditions hold for all pairs (a, b) of indices satisfying $2 \leq a < b \leq 101$:

1. If $a \mid b$ then D_a is contained in D_b .
2. If $\text{GCD}(a, b) = 1$ then D_a and D_b are disjoint.

(A disk $D(O, r)$ is a set of points in the plane whose distance to a given point O is at most a given positive real number r .)

6. Let ABC be an acute triangle with $AB < AC$ and $\angle BAC = 60^\circ$. Denote its altitudes by AD, BE, CF and its orthocenter by H . Let K, L, M be the midpoints of sides BC, CA, AB , respectively. Prove that the midpoints of segments AH, DK, EL, FM lie on a single circle.

Time: 4 hours and 30 minutes.

Each problem is worth 7 points.

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